

Enrollment No: _____

Exam Seat No: _____

C.U.SHAH UNIVERSITY

Summer Examination-2017

Subject Name: Mathematics-II

Subject Code: 4SC02MAT1

Branch: B.Sc. (All)

Semester: 2

Date: 09/05/2017

Time: 02:00 To 05:00

Marks: 70

Instructions:

- (1) Use of Programmable calculator & any other electronic instrument is prohibited.
- (2) Instructions written on main answer book are strictly to be obeyed.
- (3) Draw neat diagrams and figures (if necessary) at right places.
- (4) Assume suitable data if needed.

- Q-1 Attempt the following questions: (14)**
- a)** The solution of the differential equation $(D^2 - 2D + 1)y = 0$ is (01)
- | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| (1) $c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{-x}$ | (3) $(c_1 + c_2 x)e^{-x}$ |
| (2) $(c_1 + c_2 x)e^x$ | (4) None of these |
- b)** The particular integral of $(D^2 + a^2)y = \sin ax$ is (01)
- | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| (1) $-\frac{x}{2a} \cos ax$ | (3) $-\frac{ax}{2} \cos ax$ |
| (2) $\frac{x}{2a} \cos ax$ | (4) $\frac{ax}{2} \cos ax$ |
- c)** When we put $z = \log x$ in a homogeneous linear differential equation, the value of $x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2}$ is (01)
- | | |
|--|--|
| (1) $z^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dz^2}$ | (3) $\frac{d^2 y}{dz^2} - \frac{dy}{dz}$ |
| (2) $z^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dz^2} - z \frac{dy}{dz}$ | (4) $\frac{d^2 y}{dz^2} + \frac{dy}{dz}$ |
- d)** The particular integral of the differential equation $(D^2 - 3D + 2)y = e^{5x}$ is (01)
- | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| (1) e^{5x} | (3) $\frac{1}{6} e^{5x}$ |
| (2) $\frac{1}{12} e^{5x}$ | (4) $\frac{1}{4} e^{5x}$ |
- e)** $\frac{1}{D-m} Q$ is equal to (01)
- | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| (1) $e^{mx} \int Q dx$ | (3) $e^{-mx} \int Q dx$ |
| (2) $e^{-mx} \int Q e^{mx} dx$ | (4) $e^{mx} \int Q e^{-mx} dx$ |
- f)** The complex conjugate of $\frac{i}{1-i}$ is (01)



- (1) $\frac{-i}{1+i}$ (3) $\frac{i-1}{2}$
 (2) $\frac{1+i}{1-i}$ (4) None of these
 (1) $\frac{i}{1-i}$
- g)** Real part of $\cosh z$ is (01)
 (1) $\cosh x \cos y$ (3) $\cos h x \sin y$
 (2) $\sinh x \sin y$ (4) $\sinh x \cos y$
- h)** If $z = \cos \theta + i \sin \theta$, then $\sin n\theta = \dots\dots\dots$ (01)
 (1) $\frac{z^n + z^{-n}}{2}$ (3) $\frac{z^n - z^{-n}}{2i}$
 (2) $\frac{z^n - z^{-n}}{2}$ (4) None of these
- i)** If $x + iy = \sqrt{2} + 3i$, then $x^2 + y^2$ is (01)
 (1) 7 (3) 13
 (2) 5 (4) $\sqrt{2} + 3$
- j)** The real part of $(\sin x + i \cos x)^5$ is (01)
 (1) $-\cos 5x$ (3) $\sin 5x$
 (2) $-\sin 5x$ (4) $\cos 5x$
- k)** General equation to the cone which passes through the axes is (01)
 (1) $ax^2 + by^2 + cz^2 = 1$ (3) $fyx + gzx + hxy = 1$
 (2) $ax^2 + by^2 + cz^2 = 0$ (4) $fyx + gzx + hxy = 0$
- l)** The equation of the enveloping cone can be written as: (01)
 (1) $S = T^2$ (3) $T = S_1$
 (2) $SS_1 = T^2$ (4) None of these
- m)** Guiding curve of a right circular cylinder is (01)
 (1) ellipse (3) pair of straight lines
 (2) circle (4) any closed curve
- n)** The equation $\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{y^2}{3} = z$ represents: (01)
 (1) cylinder (3) ellipsoid
 (2) hyperboloid (4) paraboloid

Attempt any four questions from Q-2 to Q-8

Q-2 Attempt all questions (14)

- a)** Find the equation of cone whose vertex is (α, β, γ) and base $ax^2 + by^2 = 1, z = 0$. (05)
- b)** Describe and sketch the conicoid $\frac{x^2}{9} - \frac{y^2}{16} - \frac{z^2}{9} = 1$. (05)
- c)** Find the equation of a cylinder whose generating lines have the direction cosine (l, m, n) and which passes through the circle $x^2 + z^2 = a^2, y = 0$. (04)

Q-3 Attempt all questions (14)

- a)** Find the equation of the enveloping cylinder of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 25$, whose generators are parallel to the line $\frac{x}{1} = \frac{y}{2} = \frac{z}{3}$. (05)
- b)** Prove that the equation $2y^2 - 8yz - 4zx - 8xy + 6x - 4y - 2z + 5 = 0$ (05)



represents a cone whose vertex is $(-\frac{7}{6}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{5}{6})$.

c) Define: $\log(x + iy)$. Determine $\log(1 - i)$. (04)

Q-4 **Attempt all questions** (14)

a) Prove that the n^{th} root of unity are in a geometric progression. Also show that their sum is zero. (05)

b) Separate real and imaginary parts of $\tan(x - iy)$. (05)

c) Solve: $y'' + 16y = x^4 + e^{3x} + \cos 3x$. (04)

Q-5 **Attempt all questions** (14)

a) Solve: $(x^2 D^2 - 3xD + 4)y = x^2$, given that $y(1) = 1$ and $y'(1) = 0$. (05)

b) Solve: $\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} + 2\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 4\frac{dy}{dx} + 8y = x^2$. (05)

c) Solve: $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 4\frac{dy}{dx} + 3y = e^{-3x}$. (04)

Q-6 **Attempt all questions** (14)

a) State and prove De-Moivre's theorem. (05)

b) Prove that $\sinh^{-1}(z) = \ln(z + \sqrt{z^2 + 1})$. (05)

c) Expand $\cos^5 \theta$ in a series of cosines of multiples of θ . (04)

Q-7 **Attempt all questions** (14)

a) Solve: $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 3\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = xe^{3x} + \sin 2x$. (05)

b) Prove that the cones $ax^2 + by^2 + cz^2 = 0$ and $\frac{x^2}{a} + \frac{y^2}{b} + \frac{z^2}{c} = 0$ are reciprocal. (05)

c) Prove that $\cos 6\theta = 32 \cos^6 \theta - 48 \cos^4 \theta + 18 \cos^2 \theta - 1$. (04)

Q-8 **Attempt all questions** (14)

a) Solve the simultaneous equations $\frac{dx}{dt} + 2y + \sin t = 0$, $\frac{dy}{dx} - 2x - \cos t = 0$ given that $x = 0$ and $y = 1$ when $t = 0$. (05)

b) Solve: $x^3 \frac{d^3y}{dx^3} + 2x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2y = 10(x + \frac{1}{x})$. (05)

c) Identify the surface given by $9x^2 + 4y^2 - 9z^2 - 18x - 8y - 18z = 32$. (04)

